

POWER DISTRIBUTION 101:

KNOW YOUR INTERVAL METERS

O1 WHAT IS AN INTERVAL METER?

Interval meters are devices that **measure and record energy consumption**. Like standard analog meters, interval models track the **total amount of power**, measured in **kilowatt-hours (kWh)**, consumed over a set period of time. Equipped with a **battery** and **communication chip**, interval meters track consumption data as often as **every five seconds**, with minimal delay, and typically relay the information to the utility **once a day**. These devices allow utilities to **understand when energy is consumed** and plan programs and rates to **reduce congestion** on distribution power lines.

02 HOW DOES IT WORK?

Interval meters use two types of wireless networks:

- + Home Area Network (HAN): The HAN is a short-range network that communicates energy consumption data to different electronic devices in a building.
- + Wide Area Network (WAN): The WAN submits energy consumption data to a data communications company (DCC), which releases this information to authorized parties—including the utility—for accurate billing.

03 WHY INTERVAL METERS?

Pros

- + Customers can **optimize consumption** based on when energy is used
- + Accurate billing based on time-of-use (TOU) pricing
- + Widespread adoption (about 11.7 million new electric meters are being installed throughout California!)
- + Reduced utility operating
- & labor costs
- + Utilities can better detect & anticipate **power outages**
- + Possible integration with home energy management systems (HEMS)

Cons

- + Potential security & privacy concerns
- + Possible **higher delivery charges** from utilities due to high deployment costs

